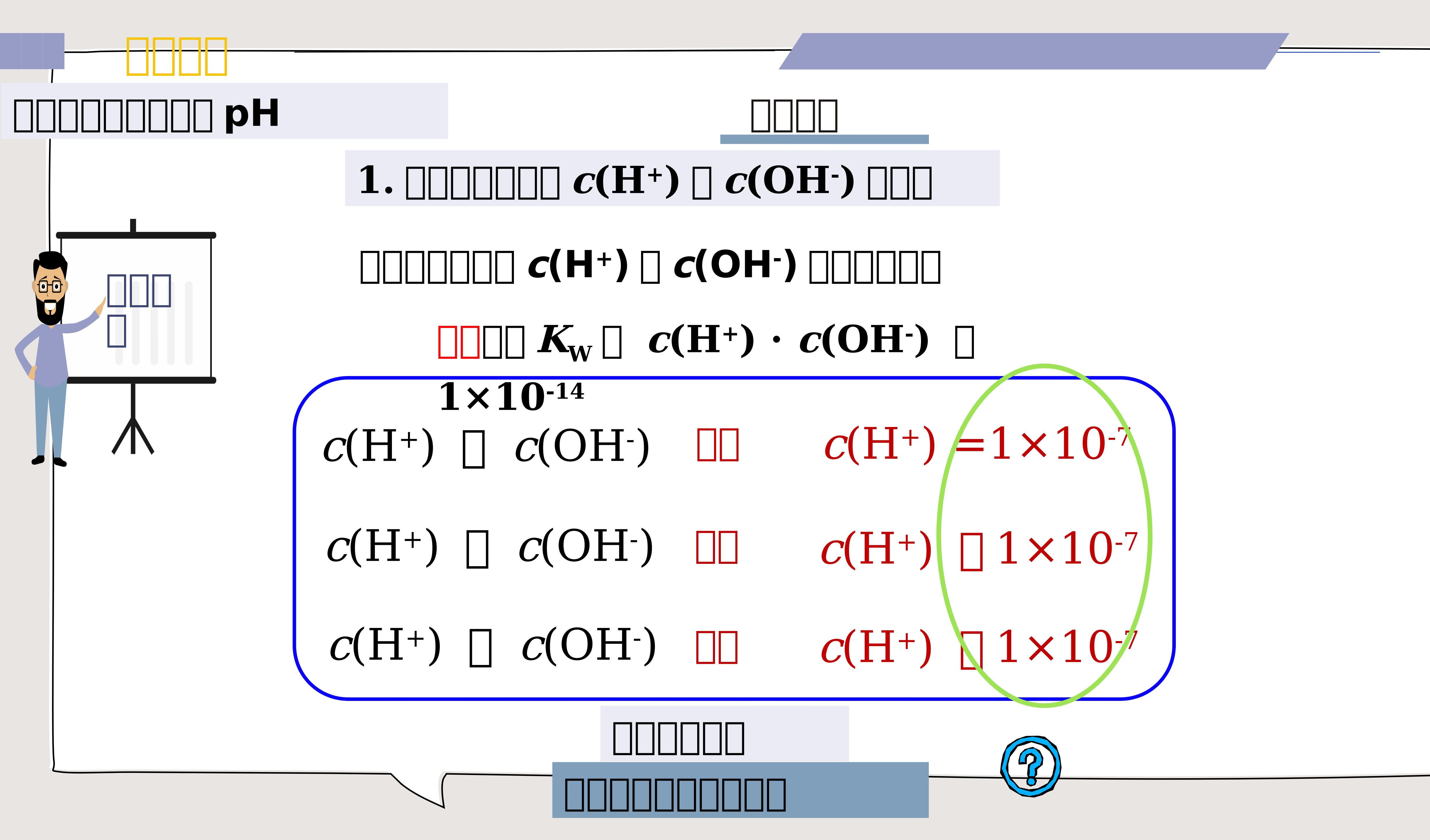
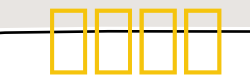
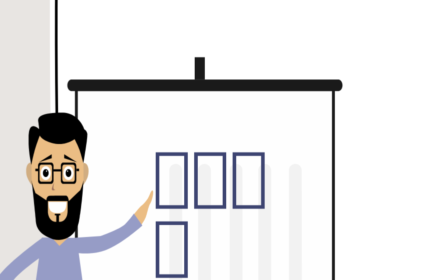
pH


pH
1. c(H⁺) c(OH⁻)
c(H⁺) c(OH⁻)
K_W c(H⁺) · c(OH⁻) 1×10⁻¹⁴
c(H⁺) c(OH⁻) c(H⁺) =1×10⁻⁷
c(H⁺) c(OH⁻) c(H⁺) 1×10⁻⁷
c(H⁺) c(OH⁻) c(H⁺) 1×10⁻⁷





2. □□□ pH

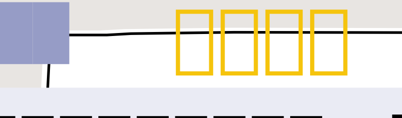
pH=□lgc(H^+)　　**c(H^+) = 10^{-pH}**

□□□□

□□□ (□ c(H^+) □ c(OH^-)<1 mol/L □□ pH □□□□ □)

□□□□ K_W □ $c(H^+) \cdot c(OH^-)$ □ 1×10^{-14}　$c(H^+) = 1\times10^{-7}$

pH=□lgc(H^+) □ 7



[illegible]

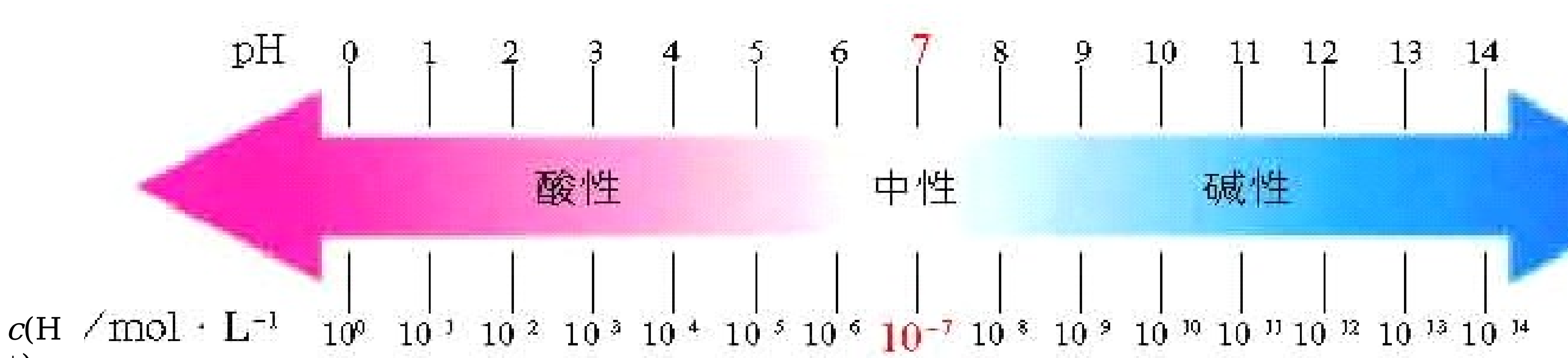
[illegible] pH

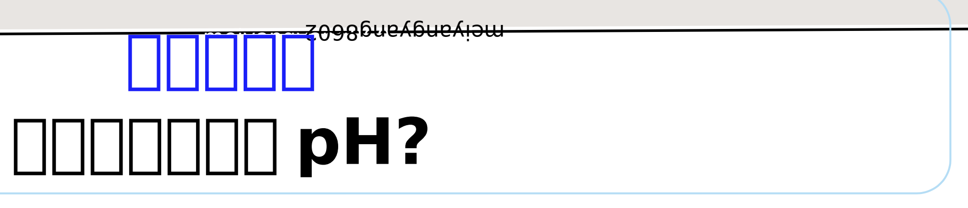
[illegible]

3. [illegible] pH [illegible]

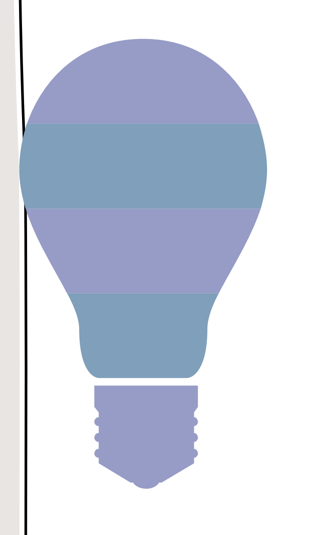
[illegible] K_W [illegible] $c(H^+) \cdot c(OH^-)$ [illegible] 1×10^{-14}

pH	[illegible]
pH [illegible] 7	[illegible] pH [illegible]
pH [illegible] 7	[illegible]
pH [illegible] 7	[illegible] pH [illegible]





pH?



5 7 9 11 13
4 6 8 10 12 14

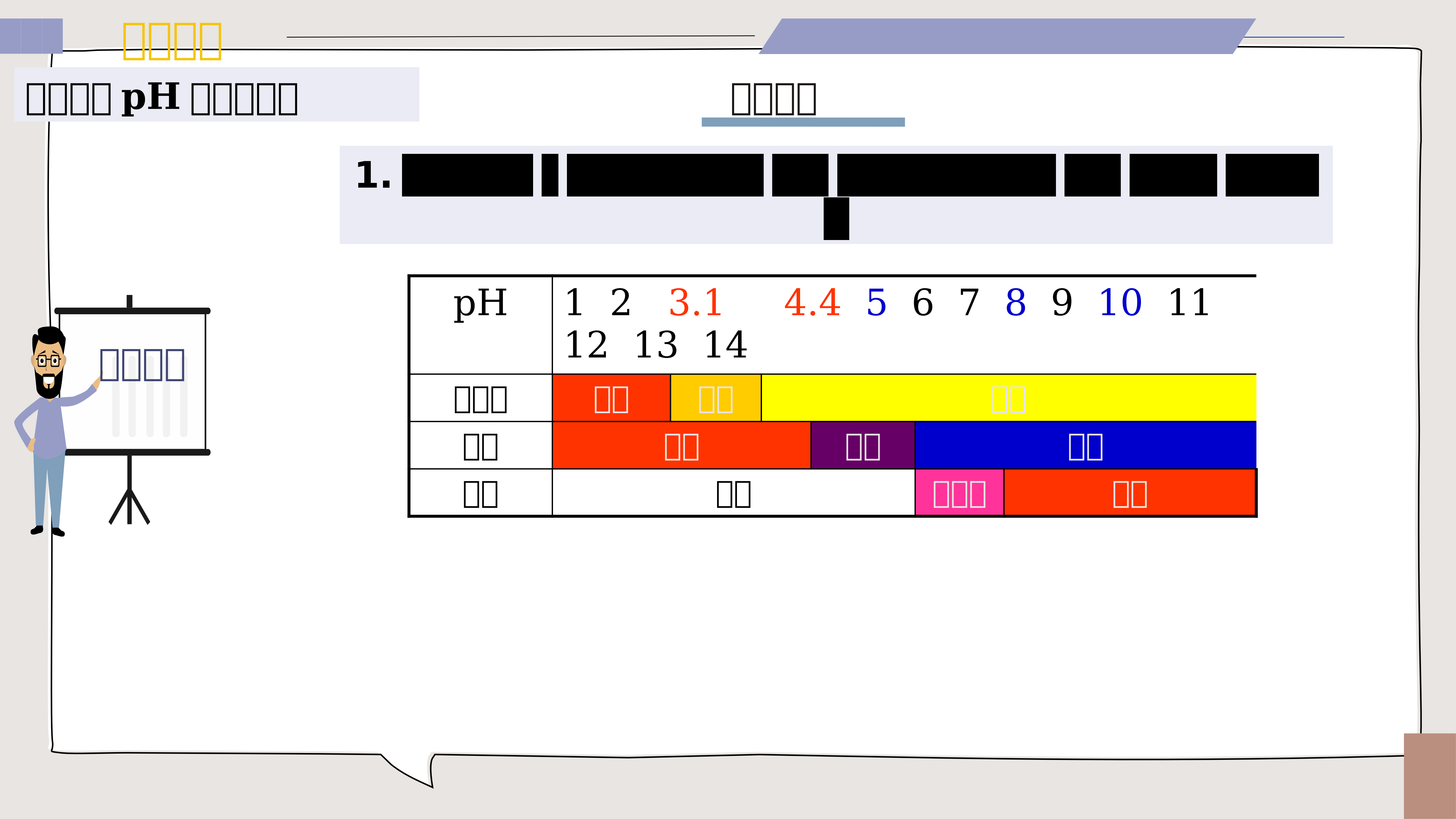
三爱思
高新技术企业
精密试纸
SPECIAL INDICATOR PAPER
pH 5.5-9.0
Q/GHSC 1571-2012
上海三爱思试剂有限公司
（原上海试剂三厂）

6.99
25.0
250ml

pH

pH

pH



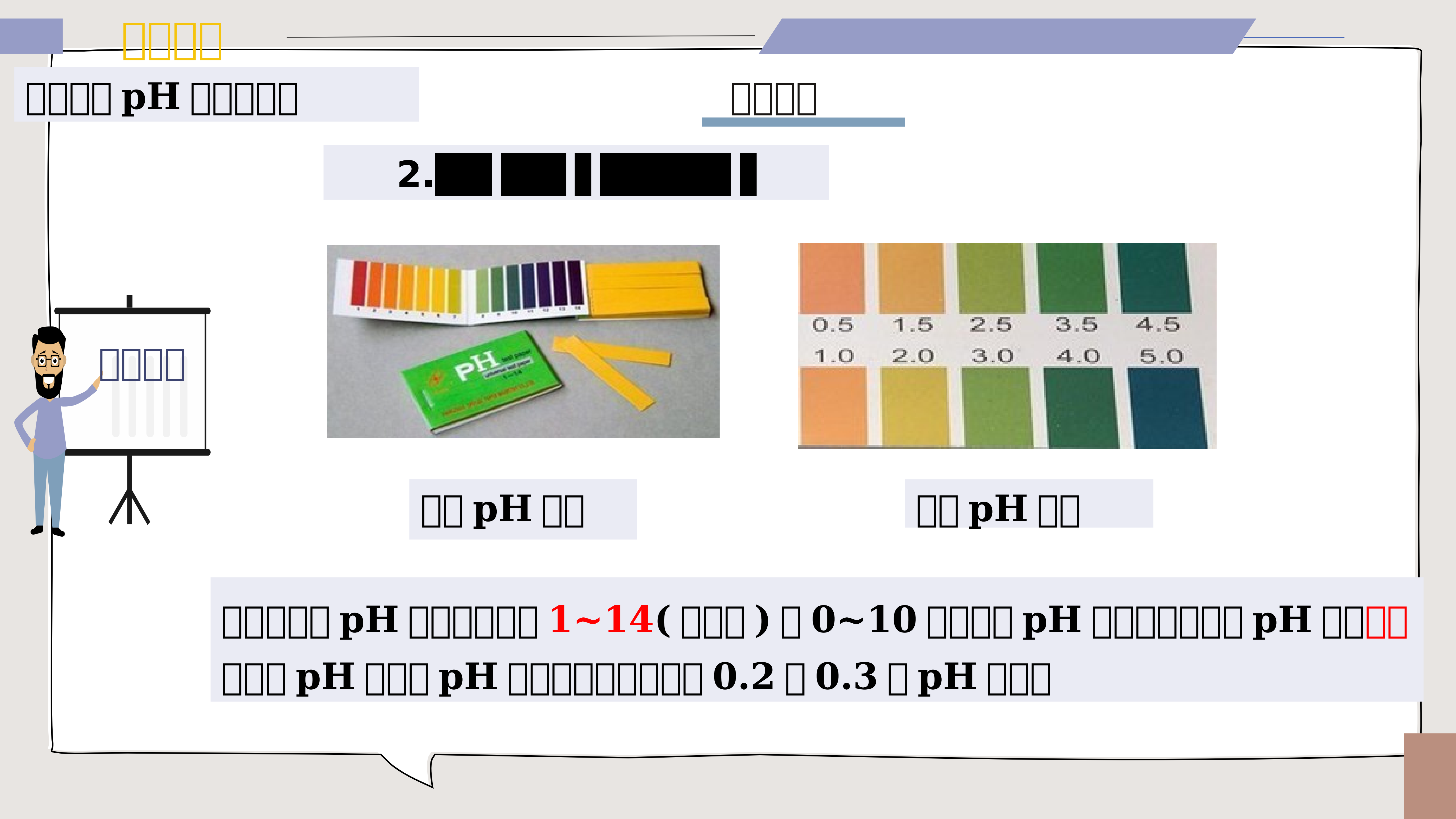
[illegible]

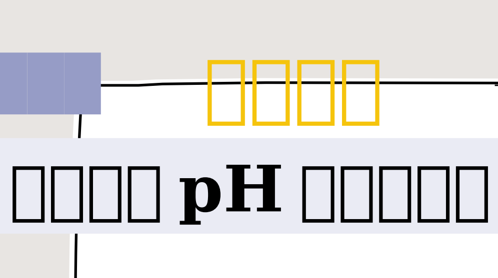
[illegible] pH [illegible]

[illegible]

1. [redacted]

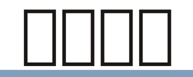
pH	1 2 3.1 4.4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
[illegible]	[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible]


□□□□
□□□□pH□□□□□
□□□□
2.[redacted]
pH
test paper
universal test paper
1~14
0.5
1.5
2.5
3.5
4.5
1.0
2.0
3.0
4.0
5.0
□□□□
□□pH□□
□□pH□□
□□□□□pH□□□□□□1~14(□□□)□0~10□□□□pH□□□□□□□pH□□□□
□□□pH□□□pH□□□□□□□□□□0.2□0.3□pH□□□



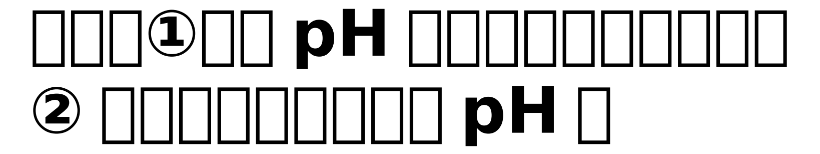
□□□□

□□□□pH□□□□□



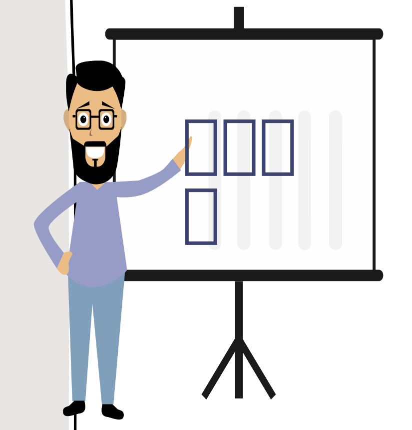
□□□□

2.[redacted]

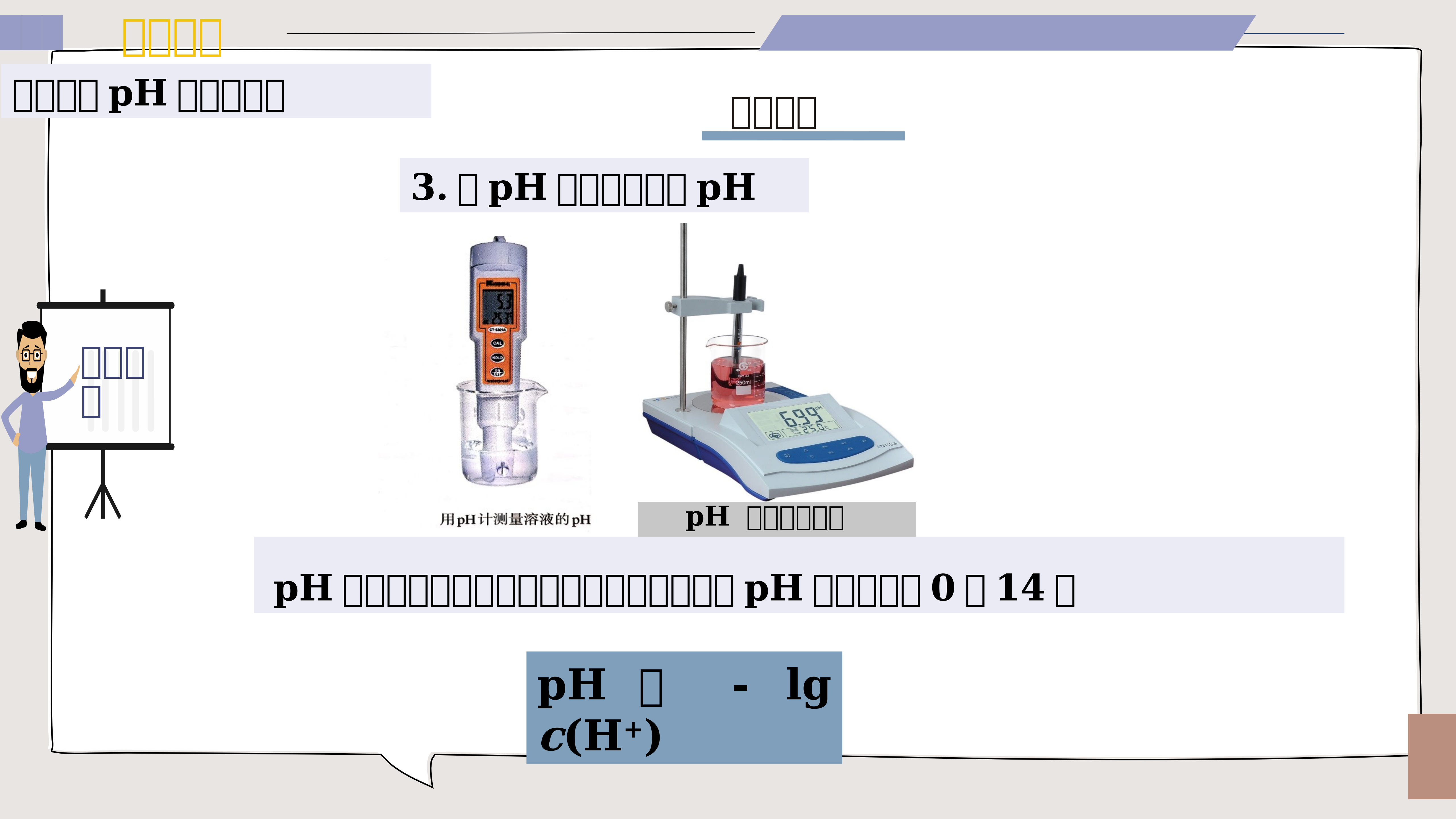


□□□①□□pH□□□□□□□□□□
②□□□□□□□□□pH□

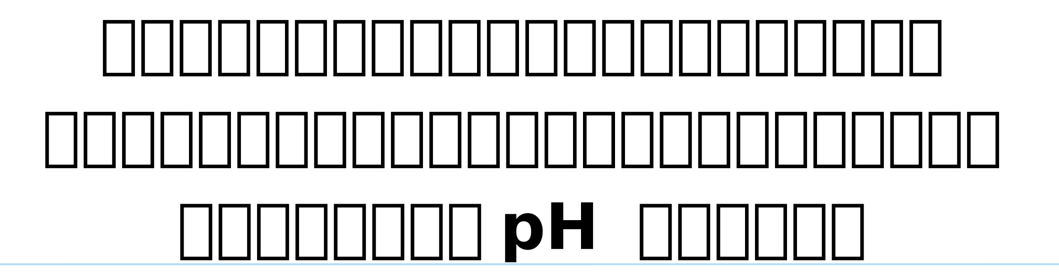
几种pH试纸



□□
pH□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□pH□



3. pH pH
用pH计测量溶液的pH
pH
pH pH 0 14
pH - lg $c(H^+)$



pH

胃液 尿液 唾液 血液 小肠液

0.9~1.5 4.7~8.4 6.6~7.1 7.35~7.45 约7.6

pH 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

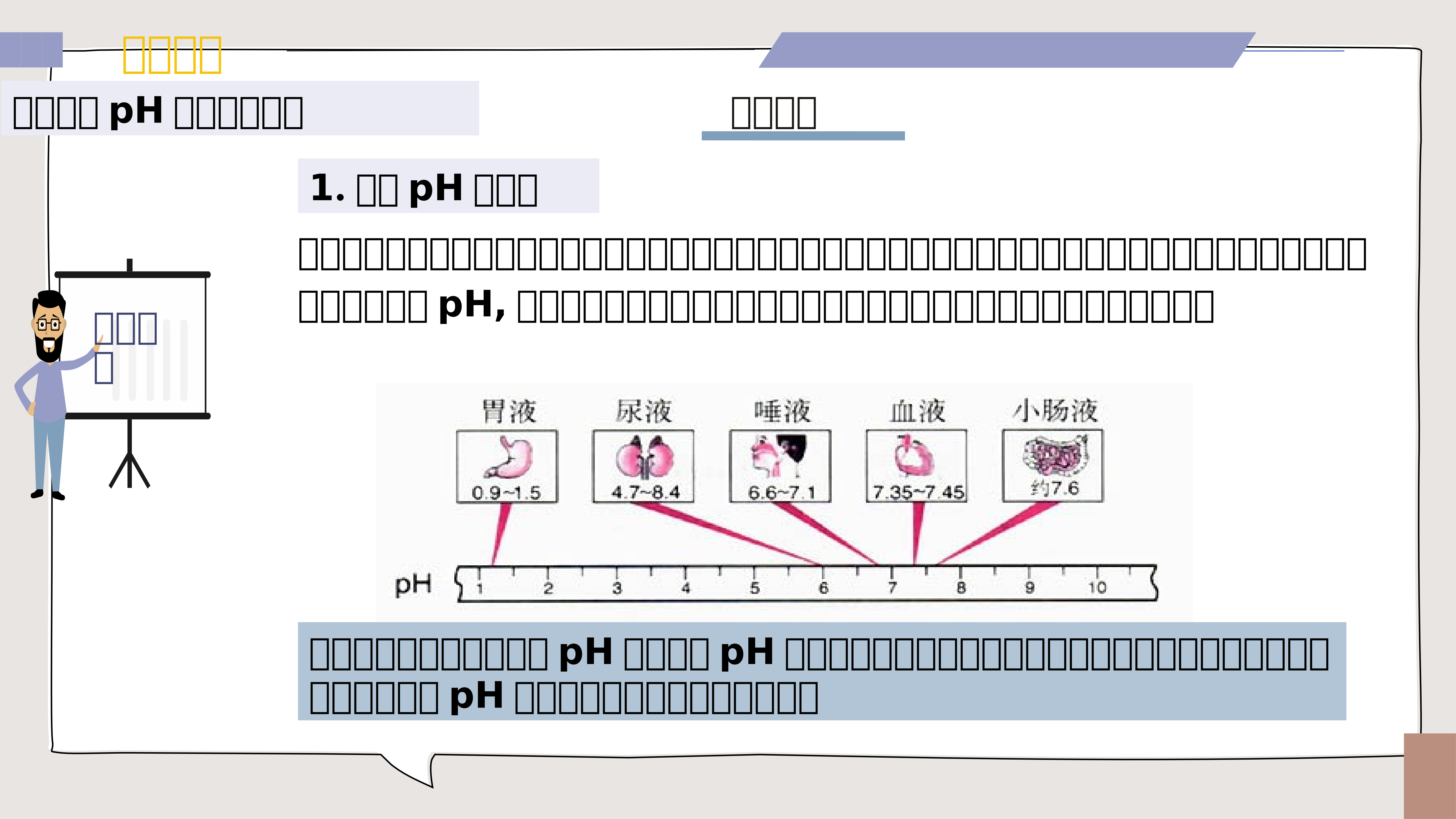
洁厕灵

84 消毒液

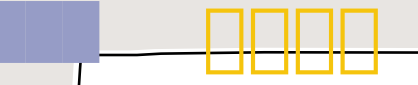
碱式滴定管

酸式滴定管

pH



pH
1.
pH,
胃液
0.9~1.5
尿液
4.7~8.4
唾液
6.6~7.1
血液
7.35~7.45
小肠液
约7.6
pH 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
pH
pH
pH



1. pH

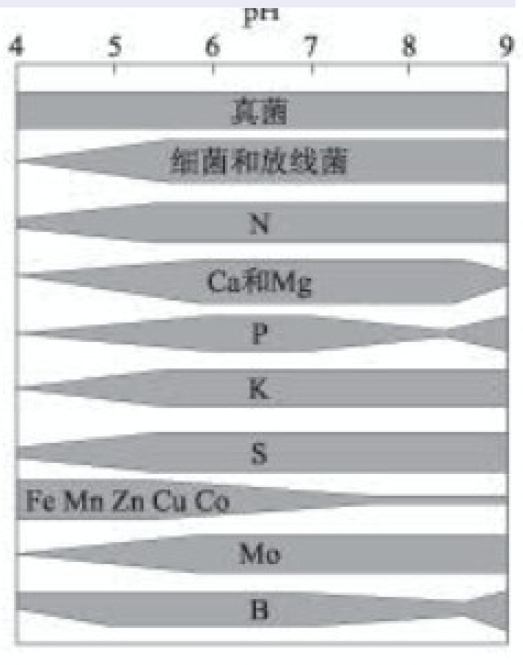
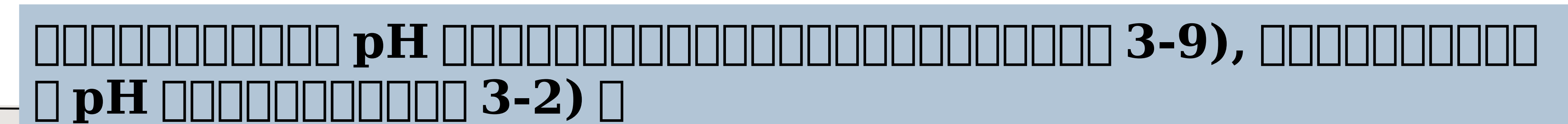
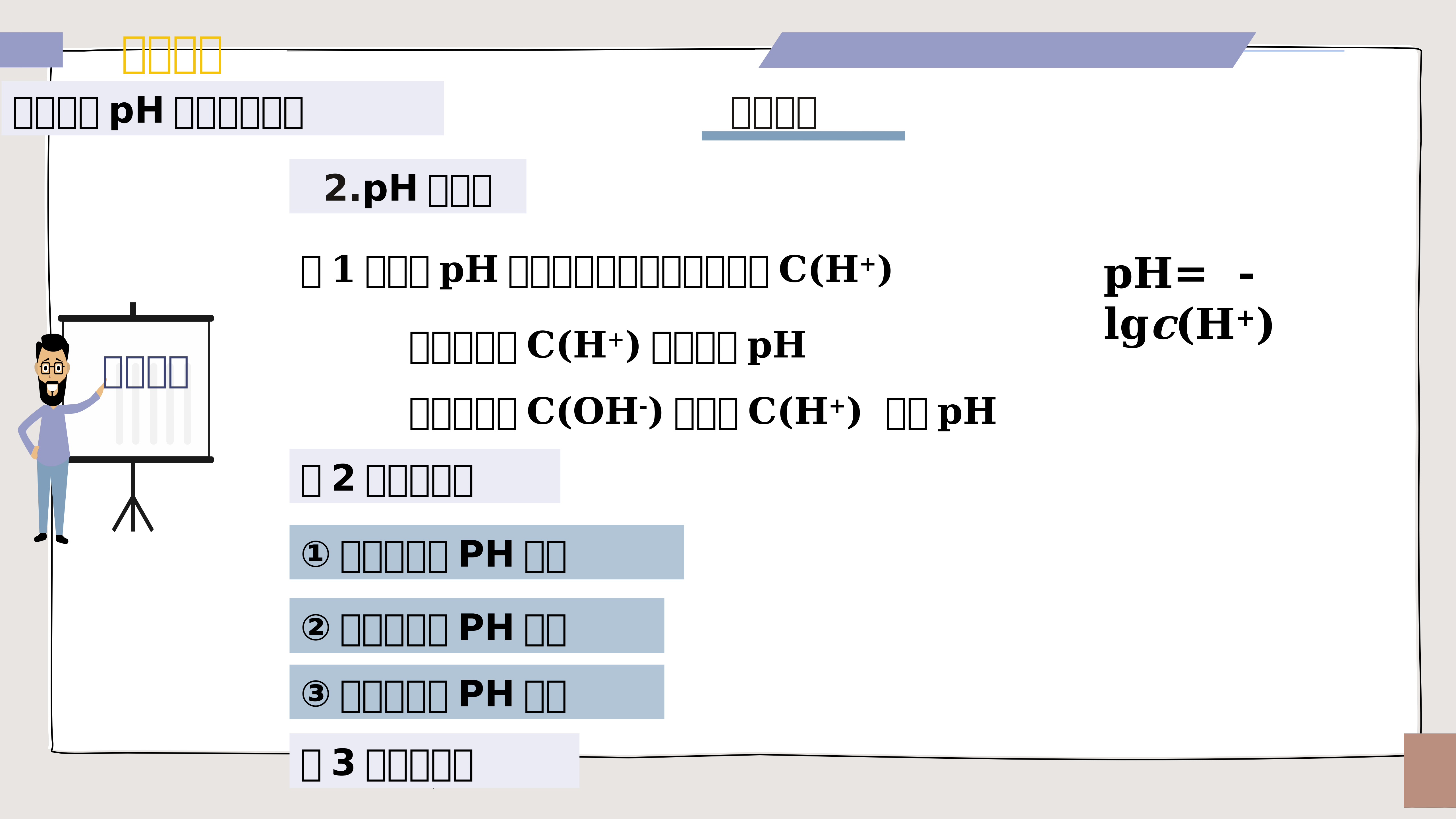


图 3-9 土壤的pH和土壤有效养分含量的关系（色带宽窄表示有效养分含量）

表 3-2 一些重要作物最适宜生长的土壤的pH范围

作物	pH范围	作物	pH范围
水稻	6~7	生菜	6~7
小麦	6.3~7.5	薄荷	7~8
玉米	6~7	苹果	5~6.5
大豆	6~7	香蕉	5.5~7
油菜	6~7	草莓	5~7.5
棉花	6~8	水仙	6~6.5
马铃薯	4.8~5.5	玫瑰	6~7
洋葱	6~7	烟草	5~6




□□□□
□□□□ pH □□□□□□
□□□□
2.pH □□□
□ 1 □□□ pH □□□□□□□□□□□□ C(H⁺)
□□□□□ C(H⁺) □□□□ pH
□□□□□ C(OH⁻) □□□ C(H⁺) □□ pH
pH= -lgc(H⁺)
□ 2 □□□□□
① □□□□□ PH □□
② □□□□□ PH □□
③ □□□□□ PH □□
□ 3 □□□□□
□□□□

① PH

1 $25^{0}C$ 0.01 mol/L 0.01 mol/L NaOH pH

$c(H^+)=0.001$ mol /L

$pH=-\lg 10^{-3} = 3$

$c(OH^-) = 0.01$mol /L

$c(H^+)=1\times10^{-14} / 10^{-2} = 1\times10^{-12}$ mol /L

$pH=-\lg 1\times10^{-12} = 12$

②□□□□□PH□□

□□2□□25°C□□pH□□□3□□□□□□□□□□□□100□□pH□□□□□□

□□ $c(H^+)=\frac{1\times10^{-3}}{100}=1.0\times10^{-5}mol/L$

$pH=-lg$ $=-lg\ 1.0$ $=5$

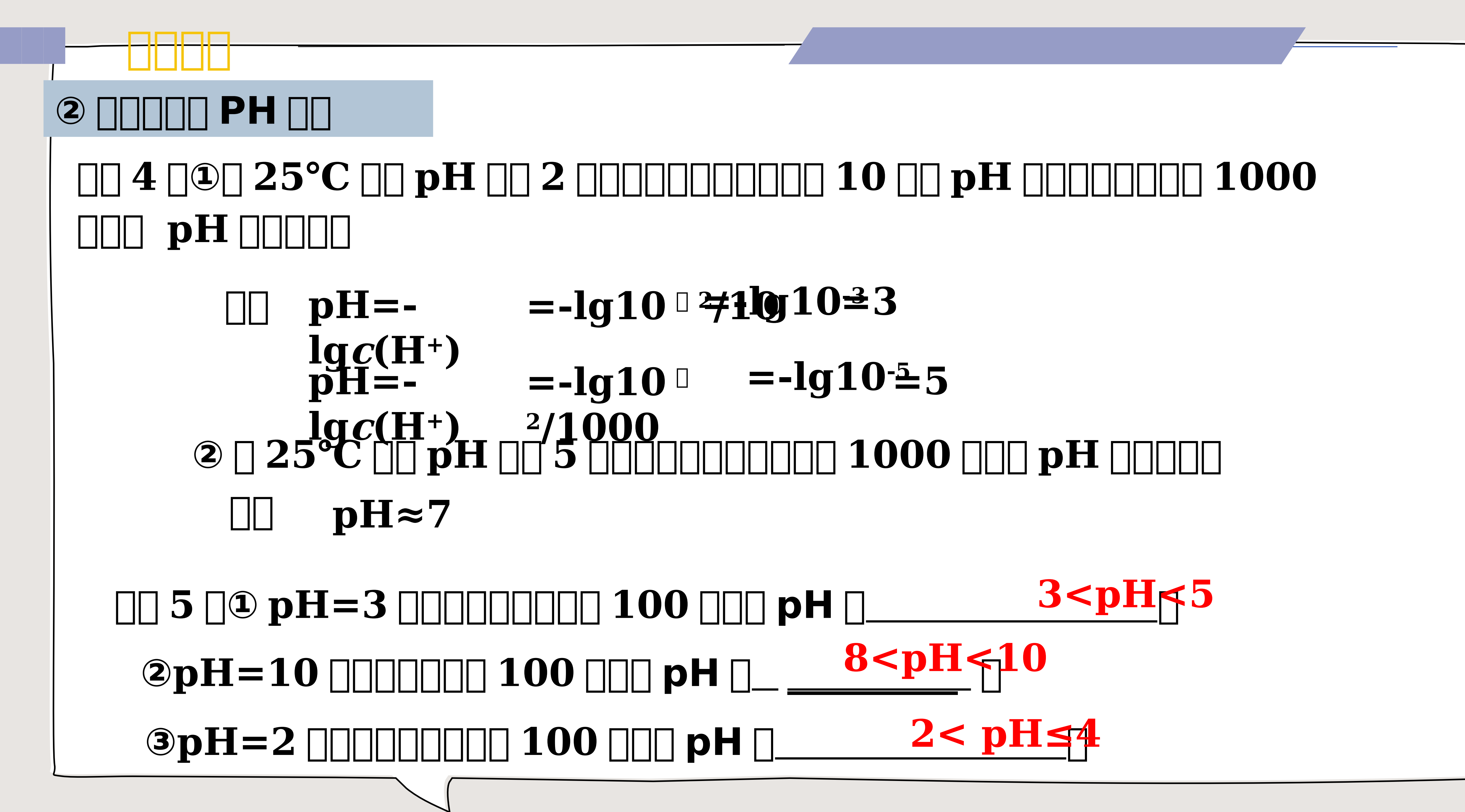
□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

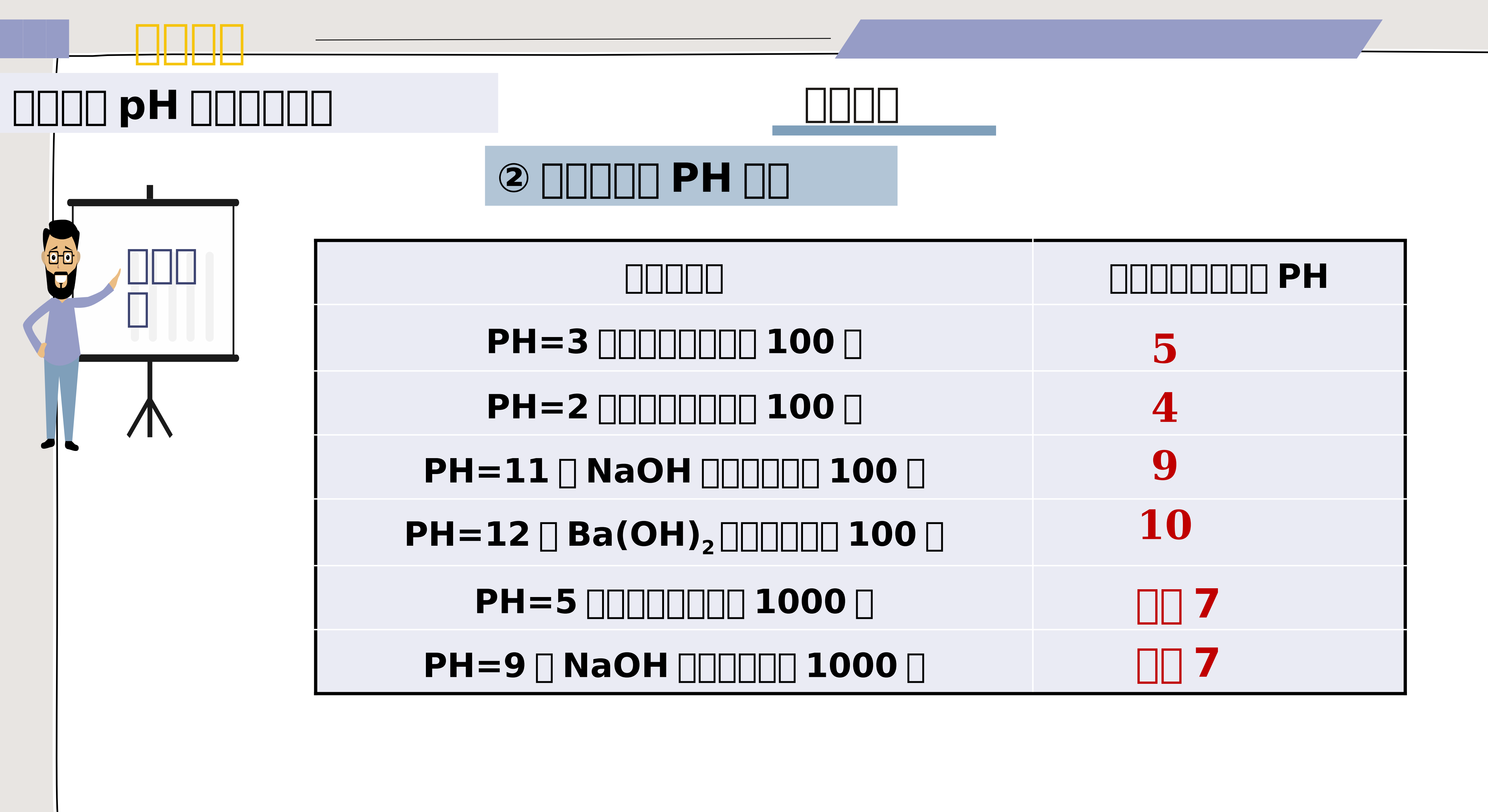
□□3□□25°C□□pH□□□12□□□□□□□□□□□□100□□pH □□□□□

□□ □□□□ $c(OH^-)=\frac{1\times10^{-14}}{1\times10^{-12}}=1\times10^{-2}mol/L$ □□□□ $c(OH^-)=\frac{1\times10^{-2}}{100}=1\times10^{-4}mol/L$

$c(H^+)=1\times10^{-14}/10^{-4}=1\times10^{-10}\ mol/L$

p □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□


□□□□
② □□□□□ PH □□
□□ 4 □①□ 25℃ □□ pH □□ 2 □□□□□□□□□□□ 10 □□ pH □□□□□□□□ 1000 □□□ pH □□□□□
□□ pH=-lgc(H+) =-lg10□2/10 =-lg10-3=3
pH=-lgc(H+) =-lg10□2/1000 =-lg10-5=5
② □ 25℃ □□ pH □□ 5 □□□□□□□□□□□□ 1000 □□□ pH □□□□□
□□ pH≈7
□□ 5 □① pH=3 □□□□□□□□□□ 100 □□□ pH □________□
3<pH<5
②pH=10 □□□□□□□□ 100 □□□ pH □________□
8<pH<10
③pH=2 □□□□□□□□□□ 100 □□□ pH □________□
2< pH≤4



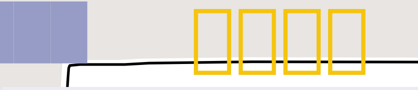
[illegible]

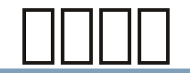
[illegible] pH [illegible]

[illegible]

② [illegible] PH [illegible]

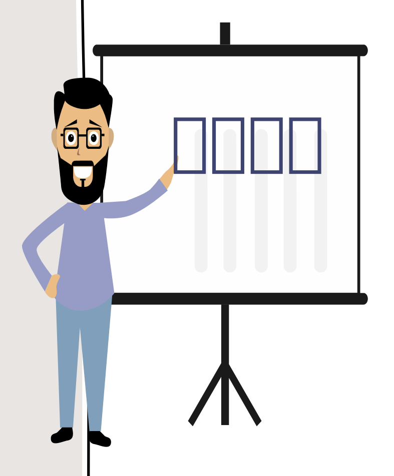
[illegible]	[illegible] PH
PH=3 [illegible] 100 [illegible]	5
PH=2 [illegible] 100 [illegible]	4
PH=11 [illegible] NaOH [illegible] 100 [illegible]	9
PH=12 [illegible] $Ba(OH)_2$ [illegible] 100 [illegible]	10
PH=5 [illegible] 1000 [illegible]	[illegible] 7
PH=9 [illegible] NaOH [illegible] 1000 [illegible]	[illegible] 7





② □□□□□ PH □□

pH □□□□



pH = a □□□□□□□□ 10^m □□ pH = a + m □□□□□ a+ m □ 7 □

pH = a □□□□□□□□ 10^m □□ a □ pH □ a + m □□□□□ a+ m □ 7 □

pH = b □□□□□□□□ 10^n □□ pH = b - n □□□□□ b - n □ 7 □

pH = b □□□□□□□□ 10^n □□ b - n □ pH □ b □□□□□ b - n □ 7 □

□□□□

1, □□□□0.05mol/L□H_2SO_4□□□pH□ ______ □ 1

0.01mol/L□NaOH□□□pH□ ______ □ 12

pH=13□$Ba(OH)_2$□□□□□□ ______ □ 0.05mol/L

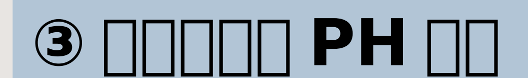
2, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

(1) □1 L 0.1 mol·L□1□$Ba(OH)_2$□□□□□□□2 L□pH□ ___ □ **13**

(2)pH□4□H_2SO_4□□□□□□100□□□□□□□□□□□□□c(H□)□ ______ □ **1×10□8 mol·L□1**

□□□c(H□)□10□6 mol·L□1□c(OH□)□10□8 mol·L□1□

c(H□)□□c(OH□)□10□8 mol·L□1□



③ [illegible] PH [illegible]

[illegible] 6 [illegible] 25°C [illegible] pH [illegible] 1 [illegible] pH [illegible] 4 [illegible] pH [illegible]

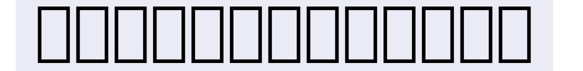
[illegible] $pH=-\lg c(H^+)$

$=-\lg(1\times10^{-1}+1\times10^{-4})/(1+1)$

$=-\lg5\times10^{-2}$

$=2-\lg5$

$=1.3$



③ □□□□□ PH □□

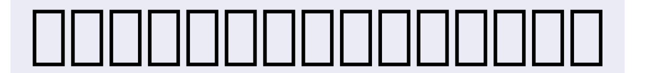
□□ 7 □□ 25°C □□ pH □□□ 9 □ pH □□□ 11 □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□ pH □□□□□□

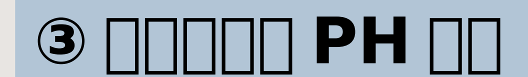
□□ $c(OH^-)=$ □ $1\times10^{-5}+1\times10^{-3}$ □ $/(1+1)$

$c(H^+)=10^{-14}/c(OH^-)$

$pH=-lg10^{-14}/(10^{-3}/2)$

$=-lg2+11=10.7$





[illegible] 8 [illegible] 25°C [illegible] 100ml 0.6mol/L [illegible] 0.4mol/L [illegible]，[illegible] pH [illegible]

[illegible] $NaOH+HCl=NaCl+H_2O$

0.04 0.06

$pH=-\lg c(H^+)$

$=-\lg 0.02/(0.1+0.1)$

$=-\lg 10^{-1}=1$

[illegible]

[illegible] 9 [illegible] 25°C [illegible] 100ml 0.4mol/L [illegible] 0.6mol/L [illegible],
[illegible] pH [illegible]

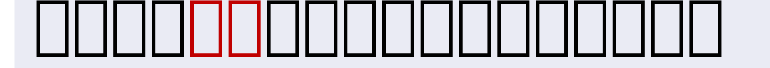
[illegible] $NaOH+HCl=NaCl+H_2O$

0.06 0.04

$c(OH^-)=0.1(0.6-0.4)/0.2$

$c(H^+)=10^{-14}/c(OH^-)= 10^{-14}/0.1$

$pH=-lg10^{-13}=13$



□□□□

3 □ 25 ℃ □，□□□□□□□□(□□□□□□□□□□□□，□□ lg 2≈0.3，lg 5≈0.7)(　　)B

A.pH=10 □ pH=12 □ NaOH □□□□□□□，□□□ pH □ 11

B.pH=12 □ NaOH □□□ pH=4 □ H_2SO_4 □□□□□□□，□□□□□□ pH □□ 11.7

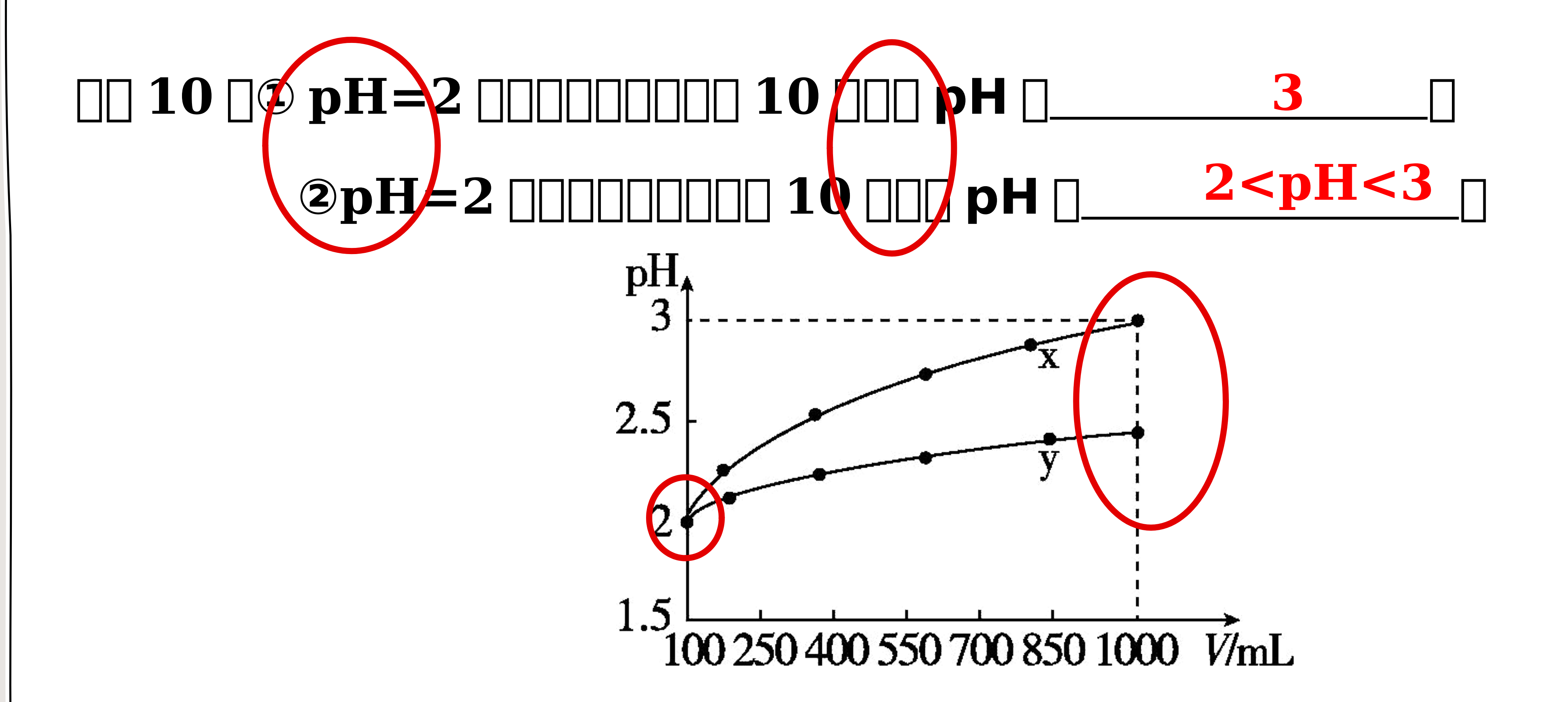
C. □ pH=12 □□□□□□ pH=2 □□□□□□□，□□□□□□□ pH=7，□□□□□□ □□□□□ 10:1

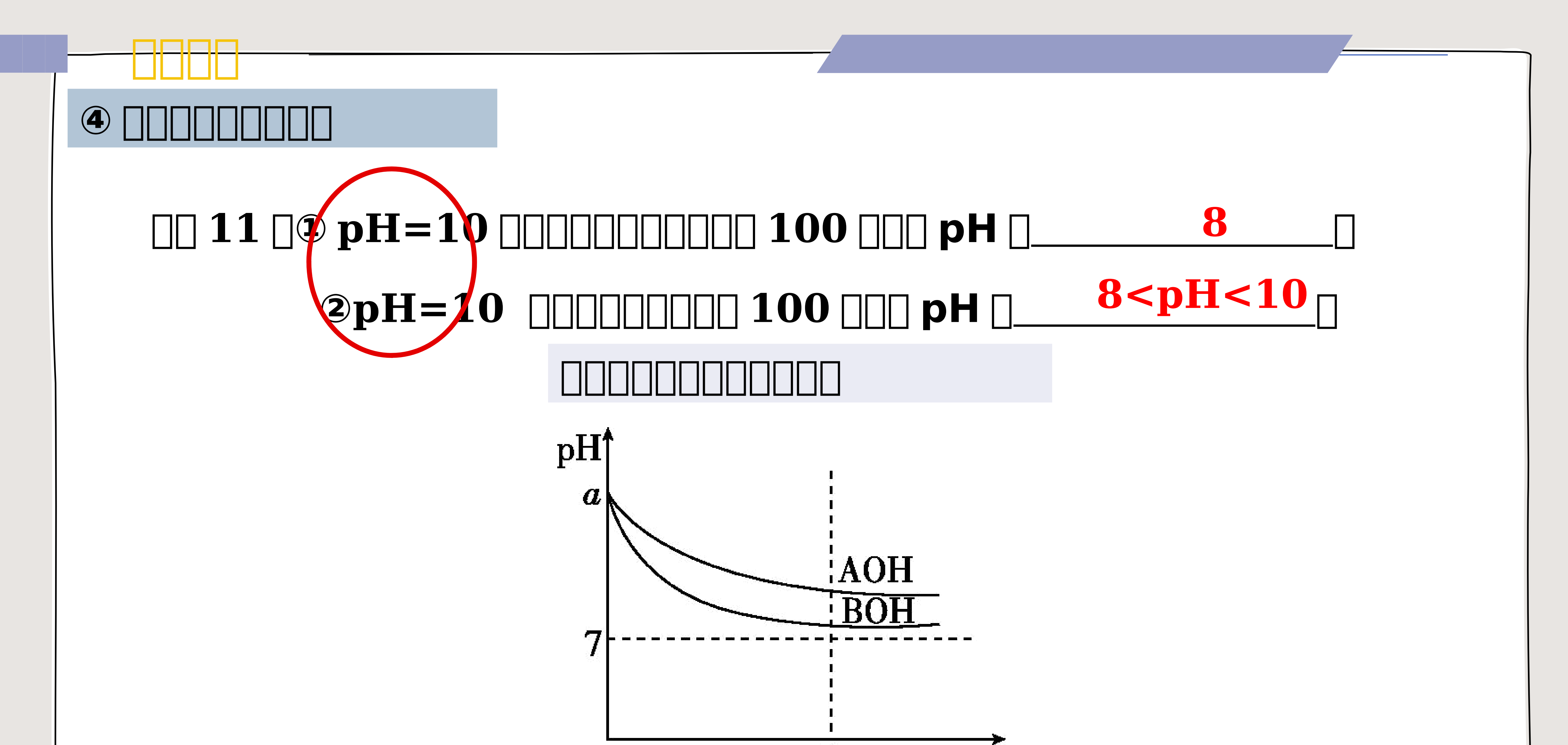
D.pH=3 □ pH=5 □ H_2SO_4 □□□□□□□，□□□□□□ pH □□ 4.7

④ □□□□□□□□□

□□ 10 □① pH=2 □□□□□□□□□ 10 □□□ pH □ ____3____ □

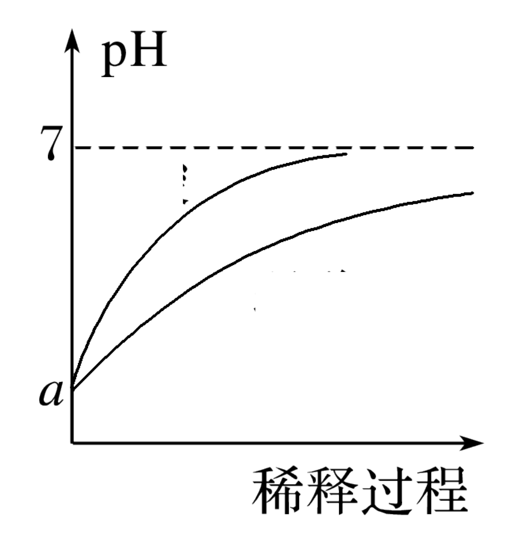
②pH=2 □□□□□□□□□ 10 □□□ pH □ ____2<pH<3____ □

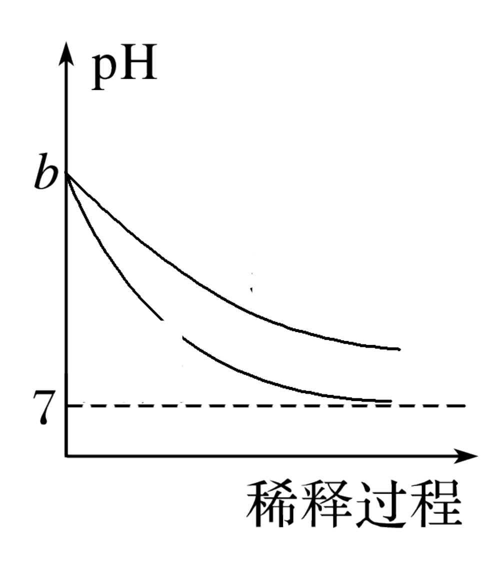


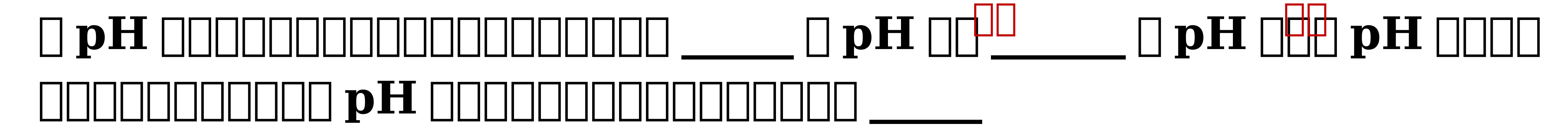

④
11 ① pH=10 100 pH 8
②pH=10 100 pH 8<pH<10
pH
a
AOH
BOH
7
V0
V(H2O)

⑤ [illegible] pH [illegible]

[illegible] 12 [illegible] pH [illegible] pH [illegible]







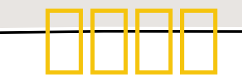
[illegible] pH [illegible] _____ [illegible] pH [illegible] _____ [illegible] pH [illegible] pH [illegible]

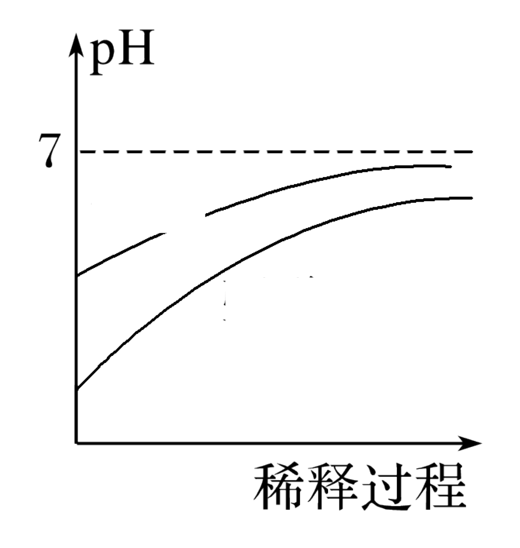
[illegible] pH [illegible] _____

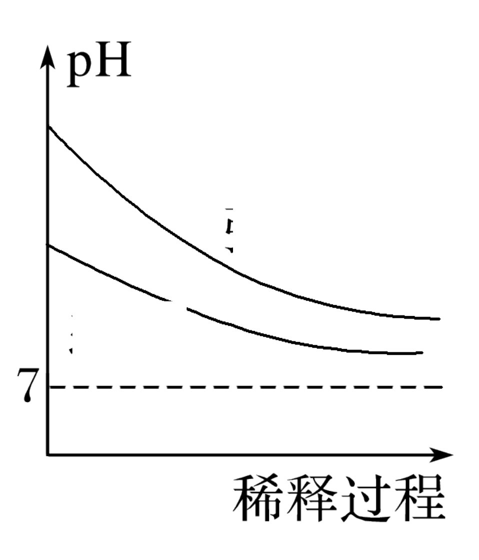
典例精讲
⑤酸碱溶液稀释时pH的变化图像
【例 13】c相等的一元酸或碱溶液稀释后溶液pH的变化示意图

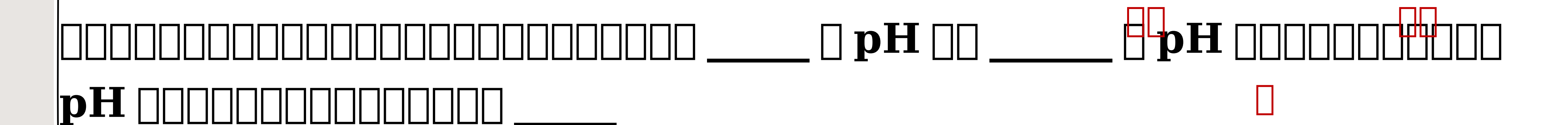
将物质的量浓度相同的一元强酸和一元弱酸稀释相同倍数，_____的pH小，______的pH大；将强酸和弱酸稀释至 pH相同，则弱酸中加水比强酸中加水_____

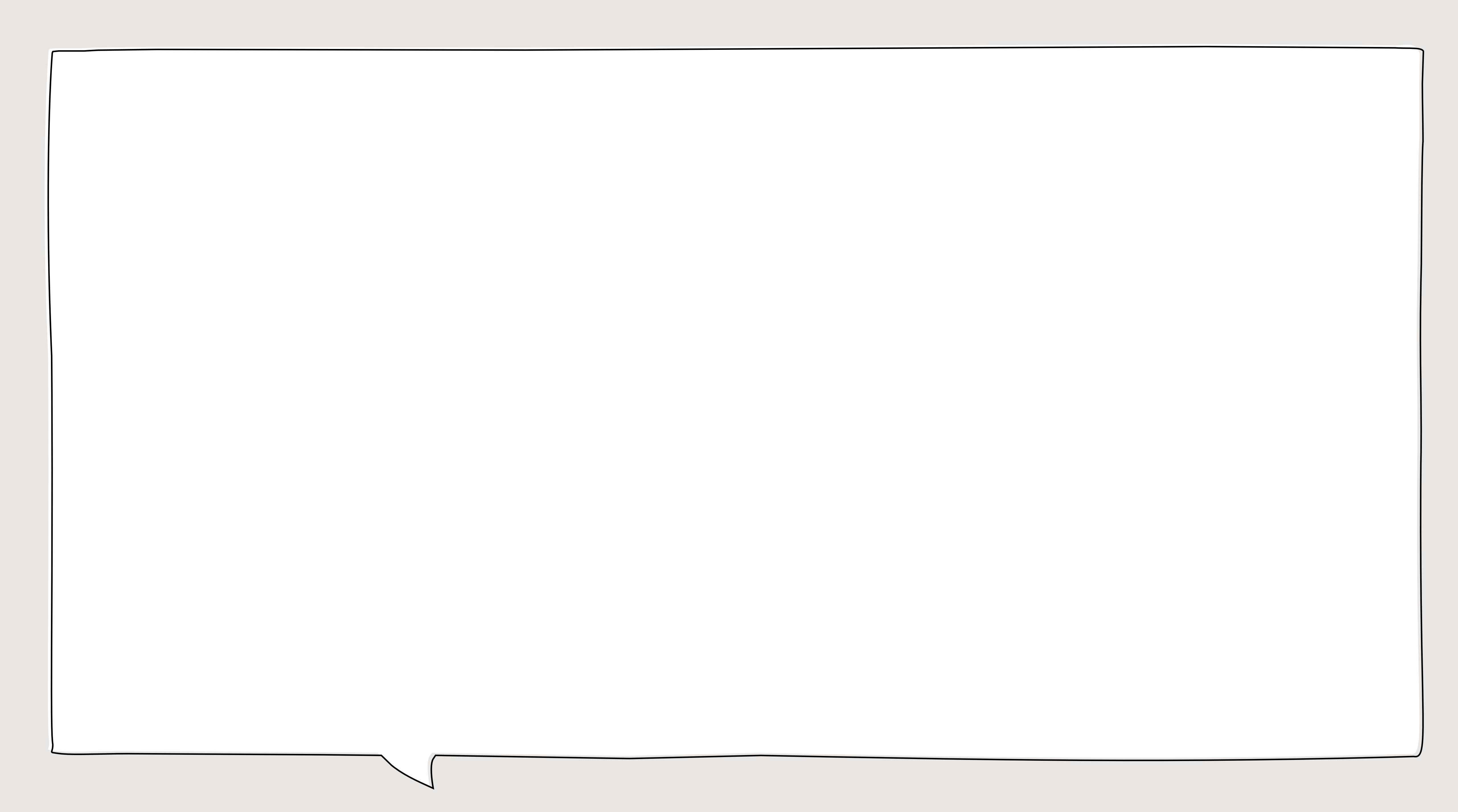
强酸 弱酸
少









□□□□

4□25 °C □□□□□□□□□□________**A**________ **(□“A”□“B”)□25 °C □，□pH=9 □NaOH □□□pH=4 □H_2SO_4 □□□□，□□□□□□□pH=7，□NaOH □□□ H_2SO_4 □□□□□□□**________**10∶1**________**□**